

LONDON OLYMPICS - game for the entire planet

Silpa Sarkar

T.D.C. 3rd year

he Olympics really are the Greatest Show on Earth. So cheers, mate, to London, for reminding us of that fact. Unlike four years ago in Beijing, we could wrap ourselves in the sport and the human drama here without having to ignore our conscience.

In this splendid world city that proved so telegenic, with marathoners sweating past the

Tower of London and cyclists zooming by Buckingham Palace, the hairs on the back of our neck tingled for all the right reasons.

In short, after the 2008 Summer Games that were as much about dissidents and

control as about sport, we, the world's people, got our Olympics back.

And they are just that- games for the entire planet.

Points in London were scored in baskets, goals and on shooting targets, not in geopolitics.

British Prime Minister David Cameron did display an uncanny knack for turning up at venues where hometown athletes were scooping up gold. But here, we could mock his opportunism. Because these were games with good humor aplenty.

Moviemaker Danny Boyle set the tone, parachuting in stunt doubles of Queen Elizabeth II and James Bond to his quirky opening ceremony that sent the message that this Olympic host country was proud to show itself off to the world, as they all are, but could laugh at itself, too.

Above all, these were two weeks devoted to sport and not the baggage that often goes with it.

And because sport is one of humanity's greatest inventions, it was two weeks devoted to us, a group hug for the human race.

The athletes
were the actors, of
course, but we were
their audience and we
lived the Olympics

through them, vicariously. They were us at our most glorious, striving to go faster; higher, stronger and be

the best we can be.

Us shaking hands and congratulating each other after sweating bullets to beat each other.

Surely, the world would be a better place if humans all got along like we do at the Olympics. Why do we seem able to do that only in two-week bursts?

The Olympics are in the business of manufacturing special moments, and there were too many to list.





Men's 400-meter champion Kirani James asking double-amputee Oscar Pistorius for his name bib to keep as a souvenir reminded us that sportsmanship and winning isn't everything don't have to be mere slogans.

The Olympic Stadium crowd of 80,000 singing along to "All You Need Is Love" on the night Jessica Ennis led the heptathletes she beat on a shared lap of honor made the Beatles' idealistic lyrics seem possible, even true.

As much as Britons would love to be able to bottle the glow of the games, to bring out on one of their many rainy days that mercifully largely stayed away for the two weeks, we're not naive enough to think that it will last.

As the Spice Girls and The Who cleared their throats for last night's closing ceremony, footballers from Manchester City and Chelsea spent the afternoon hacking at each other in the Community Shield game that starts the English season, collecting eight yellow and one red card.

This was sport returning to business as usual, ruled by money and a stage for oversized egos, not sport the noble endeav or and higher calling it can seem at the Olympics.

"Seem" being the operative word. Because there was ugliness at the London Games, too although in mercifully small doses.

Hypocrisy reared its head in badminton, where administrators suddenly got all righteous and made an example of eight players who didn't try hard enough to win.

British media vented about empty seats at venues before Team GB athletes gave them gold medals to write home about. The French sniped at the success of their favorite enemies, the British.

Only18, Colombian athlete Diego Palomeque Echavarria was going home not with a medal but with the label "cheat" after lab technicians found testosterone in his urine.

Dozens of other frauds never made it to London, caught by drug tests that taxpayers largely fund. In this case, our money was well spent.

So, too, was the 9.3 billion pounds (USD 14.5 billion) Britons forked out for this party. That was far more than they were initially told the games would cost.

Olympic gigantism is still a problem (other than to add to Michael Phelps' record medal haul, do the games really need 34 swimming events?) But the use of temporary venues showed future Olympic hosts alternatives to building white elephants.

London Olympics Medal Tally

		- 6700	IVICUAL	1 64 22
Country	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
USA	45	₹ 29	29	103
China	38	27	22	87
Britain	28	16	22 19	63
Russian	21	25		19
S Korea	13	2 <i>3</i> 8	33 7	28
Germany	11	19		44
France	10	11	14	33
Italy	8	7	12	24
Hungary	8	4	. 9	17
Australia	7	4 16	. 5	35
Japan	7		12	38
Kazakhstan	7	14	17	12
Netherlands	6	0	5	20
Ukraine	6	6	8	20
Cuba	5	5	9	14
New Zealand	5	3	6	13
Iran	4	3	5	12
Jamaica	4	5	3	12
N Korea	4	4	4	6
Spain	3	0	2	16
Brazil	_	9	4	15
Belarus	3	4	. 8	
Czech Rep	3	4	5	12
Keh	3	3	3	9

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Country	<u>Gold</u>	Silver	Bronze	Total //	Country	Gold	Silver	Bronze	<u>Total</u>
South Africa	3	2	1	6 //	India	0	2	4	6
Ethiopia	3	1	3	7 1/2	Mongolia	0	2	3	5
Romania	2	5	2	9 1/2	Thailand	0	2	_ 1	3
Kenya .	2	4	5	11 🖔	Egypt	0	2	0	2
Denmark	2	4	3	9 //	Slovakia	0	1	3	4
Azerbaijan	2	2	6	10 🖔	Armenia	0	1	2	3
Poland	2	2	6	10 🖔	Belgium	0	1	2	3
Turkey	2	2	1	5 1/2	Finland	0	1	2	3
Croatia	2	1	2	5 %	Bulgaria	0	1	1	2
Norway	2	1	1	4 1/2	Estonia	0	1	1	2
Switzerland	2	1	0	3 1/2	Indonesia	0	1	1	2
Canada	1	5	12	18 🖔	Malaysia	0	1	1	2
Colombia	1	3	4	8 🅢	Puerto Rico	0	1	1	. 2
Georgia	1	3	3	7 %	Taipei	0	1	1	2
Mexico	1	3	3	7 %	Botswana	0	1	0	1
Sweden	1	3	3	7 %	Cyprus	0	1	0	1
Ireland	1	1	3	5 //	Gabon	0	1	0	1
Argentina	1	1	2	4 🦅	Guatemala	0	1	0	1
Lithuania	1	1	2	4 //	Montenegro	0	1	0	1
Slovenia	1	1	2	4 //	Portugal	0	1	0	1
Serbia	1	1	1	3 //	Greece	0	0	2	2
Tunisia	1	1	1	3 🦅	Moldova	0	0	2	2
Dominican Re	p 1	1	0	2 //	Qatar	0	0	2	2
Trinidad & To	b 1	0	3	4 //	Singapore	0	0	2	2
Uzbekistan	1	0	3	4 %	Afghanistan	0	0	1	1
Latvia	1	0	1	2 %	Bahrain	0	0	1	1
Algeria	' 1	0	. 0	1 %	Hong Kong Soudi Arabia	. 0	0	1	1
Bahamas	1	0	0	1 🛭	Soudi Arabia	0	0	1	1
Grenada	1	0	0	1 🖔	Kuwait	0	0	1	1
Uganda	1	. 0	. 0	1 🖠	Morocco	0	0	1	1
Venezuela	1	0	0	1 %	Tajikistan	0	0	1	1



"মোৰ মনত আন ভাব নাই ঔ আল্লা, মোৰ মনত ভিন-পৰ নাই ঔ আল্লা হিন্দু কি মুছলমান একে আল্লাৰ ফৰমান মোৰ মনত একোটি ভাব।"



---আজান ফকিৰ



The Latest Discovered Particle HIGGS BOSON or GOD Particle

Dr. Ranjit Baishya

Assistant Prof., Department of Physics

n July 4, 2012. CERN announced the discovery of a new subatomic particle that's consistent with the Higgs boson - a particle that's been searched for since the 1970s. Whether it is the Higgs or something that closely resembles it, a new particle is a historic discovery. Many of the experiments circulating in the world's particle accelerators are looking into the mechanism that gives rise to mass. Scientists at CERN, as well as at Fermilab in Illinois, are hoping to find what they call the "Higgs boson." Higgs, they believe, is a particle, or set of particles, that might give others mass. Isn't mass an inherent characteristic of matter? If not, how can one entity impart mass on all the others by simply floating by and interacting with them? That's one of the most-asked, most-hotly pursued questions in physics today.

The Standard Model was the great achievement of particle physics of the 1970's. It incorporated all that was known at that time and has since then successfully predicted the outcome of a large variety of experiments. Today, the Standard Model is a well established theory applicable over a wide range of conditions and the whole numbers of elementary particles is classified according to total angular momentum (J) into four groups and concept of elementary particles is listed in the Table below.

1	Symbol	Generic name	Observed?
Ó	H	Higgs scalar	Yes (2012)
1/2	$e, \mu, \tau, v_e, v_\mu, v_\tau$	Leptons	Yes
	u, d, c, s, t, b	Quarks	Yes
1	γ g', W [±] , z'	Photon Gluons(8)	Yes Yes
	W [±] , Z°	Vector Mesons	Yes
2	g	Graviton	No

Table: Elementary Particles in 2012

The Higgs boson is a massive scalar elementary particle predicted to exist by the Standard Model in particle physics. At present them are no known fundamental scalar particles in nature except Migs. The Higgs boson is the only Standard Model particle that had not yet them observed. It is believed that Higgs boson couples strongly to the top quark so it may decay into top anti-top quark pairs. Experimental detection of the Higgs boson would help explain the origin of mass in the universe. More specifically, the Higgs boson would explain the difference between the massless photon, which mediates electromagnetism, and the massive W and Z bosons, which mediate the



weak force. If the Higgs boson exists, it is an integral and pervasive component of the material world. The Large Hadron Collider (LHC) at CERN was expected to provide experimental evidence either confirming or refuting the Higgs boson's existence. The search for the Higgs Particle (or Higgs Boson) was the main motivation for the construction of the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) at CERN on the Swiss/French border, which is arguably the biggest and most expensive physics experiment in history.

First, though, scientists want to determine whether the Higgs boson exists. The search has been on for over ten years, both at CERN's Large Electron Positron Collider (LEP) in Geneva and at Fermilab in Illinois. To look for the particle, researchers must bring to sudden destruction of other particles together at very high speeds. If the energy from that collision is high enough, it is converted into smaller bits of matter - particles - one of which could be a Higgs boson. The Higgs will only last for a small fraction of a second, and then decay into other particles.

The three papers written on this discovery by Guralnik, Hagen, Kibble, Higgs, Brout, and Englert were each recognized as milestone papers during Physical Review Letters 50th anniversary celebration. Gleven Weinberg and Abdus Palam were the first to apply the Higgs mechanism to the electroweak symmetry breaking. The electroweak theory predicts a neutral particle whose mass is not far from that of the Wand Y bosons.

So in order to tell whether the Higgs appeared in the collision. researchers look for evidence of what it would have decayed into. ľn August 2000, physicists working at CERN's LEP saw traces of particles that might fit the

right pattern, but the evidence is still inconclusive. LEP was closed down in the beginning of November, 2000 and will pick up again at CERN when the LHC (Large Hadron Collider) begins experiments in 2005 and till today.

The Higgs Particle is a suspected but asyet undiscovered particle which could fill a significant gap in our knowledge of why the universe is the way it is, and why some particles, such as electrons and quarks, have "mass". The question of mass has been an especially puzzling one, and has left the Higgs boson as the single missing piece of the Standard Model yet to be spotted. The Standard Model describes three of nature's four forces: electromagnetism and the strong weak nuclear forces. Electromagnetism has been fairly well understood for many decades. Recently, physicists have learned much more about the strong force, which binds the elements of atomic nuclei together, and the weak force, which governs radioactivity and hydrogen fusion (which generates the sun's energy).

Electromagnetism describes how particles interact with photons, tiny packets of electromagnetic radiation. In a similar way, the weak force describes how two other entities, the W and Z particles, interact with electrons, quarks, neutrinos and others. There is one very important difference between these two interactions: photons have no mass, while the masses of Wand Z are huge. In fact, they are some of the most massive particles known. The first inclination is to assume that W and Z simply exist and interact with other elemental particles. But for mathematical reasons, the giant masses of W and Z raise inconsistencies



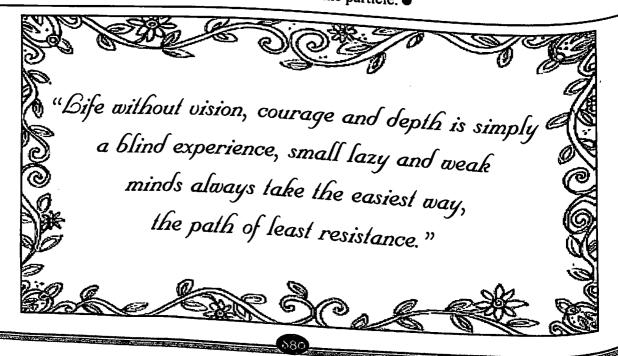
in the Standard Model. To address this, physicists postulate that there must be at least one other particle - the Higgs boson.

The simplest theories predict only one boson, but others say there might be several. In fact, the search for the Higgs particle(s) is some of the most exciting research happening, because it could lead to completely new discoveries in particle physics. Some theorists say it could bring to light entirely new types of strong interactions, and others believe research will reveal a new fundamental physical symmetry called "supersymmetry."

The Higgs mechanism, which gives mass to vector bosons, was theorized in 1964 by Francois Englert and Robert Brout in October of the same year by Peter Higgs, working from the ideas of Philip Anderson; and independently by Gerald Guralnik, C. R. Hagen, and Tom Kibble, who worked out the results by the spring of 1963. The three papers written on this discovery by Guralnik, Hagen, Kibble, Higgs, Brout, and Englert were each recognized as milestone papers during Physical Review Letters 50th anniversary celebration. Steven Weinberg and Abdus Salam were the first to apply the Higgs mechanism to

the electroweak symmetry breaking. The electroweak theory predicts a neutral particle whose mass is not far from that of the W and Z bosons.

To explain Higgs Mechanism let us consider a Beautiful Lady that she attracts the people closest to her, and those she moves away from return to their other conversations. By gathering a cluster of people around her by showing extreme affection, she's gained momentum, an indication of mass. She's harder to slow down than she would be without the crowd. Once she's stopped, it's harder to get her going again. This clustering effect is the Higgs mechanism, postulated by British physicist Peter Higgs in the 1960s. The theory hypothesizes that a sort of lattice, referred to as the Higgs field, fills the universe. This is something like an electromagnetic field, in that it affects the particles that move through it, but it is also related to the physics of solid materials. Scientists know that when an electron passes through a positively charged crystal lattice of atoms (a solid), the electron's mass can increase as much as 40 times. The same might be true in the Higgs field: a particle moving through it creates a little bit of distortion and that lends mass to the particle.



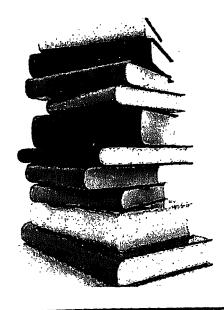


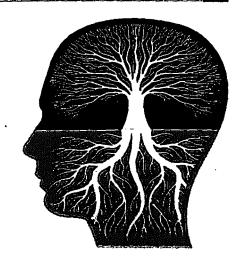
SONNET

I CAN NOT STAY MORE

Digambar Basumatary H.S. 1st Year

I can not stay more
for thy silent keeping
be alert and get ready
as the time is passing
we should know, no delay
nor no frustration,
as we are being promised
by the hearts' combination.
Come beside me so soon
as the sky is vain without the moon,
I can not stay more
for the love of thy.
and thou should come
Keeping out thy shy.





Some Amazing Facts

- The world's longest human nose was 7½ inches long.
- An average person's eyes are closed for about 30 minutes a day while awake, due to blinking.
- >> The cockroach is the fastest insect on 6 legs.
- We forget 80 percent of what we learn every-day.
- When love and tineless effort leads to success.
- ⇒ Spiritual love is elevating, physical love is degrading.
- >> Trouble brings experience, and experience brings Wisdom.
- The best things in life come in threes, like friends, dreams and memories.
- → Good friends are like stars... You don't always see them, but you know they are always there.
- The mother's heart is the child's school room.

Boronya R. Marak H.S. 2nd year



GLOOMY Life

John Gautam Rabha

3rd Semester

What a gloomy life I spent on earth!

I bore a heart that like me not, no not 'me'!

Happy 'she' with else heart in her heart;

That stops her from loving me.

And thus spent I, my life thats gloomy.

What a gloomy life I spent on earth!

What a gloomy life I spent on earth!

Gloomy is the life I bore
It finds no way, no light on crust.
And my life goes on a vived way.
Where is the nature that play
Vived role on life,
That doesnot play varing role in my life?
The life finds no hope tooo....!
What a gloomy life I spent on earth!
What a gloomy life I spent on earth!

I remember that day of my cradel,
Where my bosom was full of merriment.
Perceive I so contrast between my
cradel and my present life.
Which makes my heart heavy with sorrow.
Why thus thou changed my life,
Where I now, live a gloomy life!
What a gloomy life I spent on earth!
What a gloomy life I spent on earth!



I have not, not found a path to move between my ears.

And my bosom says to pray from above to you dear.

Though I know there'll soon be many candles lit;

Prayers on and beside above my white sheet.

I pray not to drope tears for my mistake

cause my life is gloomy and....

I found not a path to take than to grave

What a gloomy life I spent on earth!

What a gloomy life I spent on earth!



LINCOLN'S LETTER TO HIS SON'S HEADMASTER

Collected by: Raju Boro

T.D.C. 3rd year

Respected Teacher,



My son will have to learn I know, That all men are not just. All men are not true but teach him also That for every scoundrel. Three is a hero. That for every selfish politician There is a dedicated leader. Teach him that for every enemy There is a friend. It will take him time I know; But teach him if you can That a dollar earned Is of far more value Than five pound. Teach him to learn to lose And also enjoy earning. Steer him away from envy if you can:



Teach him the secret of quiet laughter

Let him learn early that the bullies

Are the easiest to lick.

Teach him if you can the wonder of books...

But also give him quiet time to ponder.

Over the eternal mystery of birds

In the sky bees in the Sun

And flowers of a green hill side.

In school teach him it is far more

Honorable to fall than to cheat:

Teach him to have faith in his oven ideas.

Even if everyone tells him they are wrong.

Teach him to be gentle with gentle with gentle people

And tough with the tough

Try to give my son the strength

Not to follow the crowd when

Everyone is getting in a hand wagon.

Teach him to listen to all men

But teach him also to fighter all the hears

On the Screen of truth and take only

The good that comes through.

Teach him if you can how to laugh when



He is sad : teach him there is no shame

In tears: teach him to scoff at cynics

And to bervare of too much sweetness.

Teach him to sell his brawn and brain

To the highest bidders but never to

Put a price tag on his heart and soul

Teach him to close his ears to a

Howling mod... and to stand and fight

If he thinks he is right

Seach him gently : but do not cuddle

Him because only the test of fire

Makes fine steel

Let him have courage to be impatient

Teach him to have patience to be brave

Teach him to have sublime faith in himself

Because then he will ahvays

Have sublime faith in mankind

This a big order

But see what you can do

He is such a fine little fellow my son.



A brief report of the NSS Activities of the college at a glance



Umesh Ch. Kar

Associate Prof., Deptt. of English

Scheme (NSS) in the year 1969 in J. N. College, Boko, Kamrup, Assam the NSS unit has been rendering manifold social services both at the institutional and community levels. The NSS volunteers have come forward to extend their selfless services and set the ideal of developing the activity of leadership through community activities.

Of-late one more institution has been encorporated with the NSS Unit of the College. That is the Red Ribbon-Club. The chief objective of this club is to make our youths conscious of the terrible threat of HIV/AIDS and spread this message to the community for being aware of its menance. Blood Donation Programme with the Co-operation of the Assam State AIDS Control Society (ASACS) has also been launched from the year of 2011 and our college youths have spontaneously donated their precious drop of blood to save the liver of the people in distress.

Some of the significant activities of the NSS Unit of J.N. College, Boko w.e.f. the year 2007 to 2012 are highlighted below:

2007:

W UNICEF Programme on HIV/AIDS

2008:

Observation of NSS day on the 24th September by the NSS volunteers of the college.

2009:

National Integration camp (NIC) attended by the NSS volunteers of our college at Rasyoga Education Research Foundation Gurgaon.

2010:

Participation of the National Youth Festivals at Bhubaneswar, Orissa by our NSS volunteers.

2011:

- Blood Donation Programme Carried on at the college campus in collaboration with the Army units.
- Attending the National Integration camp at Puduchery.
- Participation by the Programme officer of the NSS unit at the 100% voluntary Blood Donation workshop at Mizoram.
- Disaster Management programme at J.N. College from 14.7.11 to 16.7.11

2012:

- Participation of our NSS volunteers in the Pre-Republic Day Camp at Sarusajai Sports Stadium Guwahati from 20-9-12 to 30-9-12.
- Observation of the National Blood Voluntary Day (NBVD) observed on the 1st October 2012 launching the Blood Donation Camp in Cooperation with the Assam State AIDS Control Society (ASACS).

Many more programmes have been scheduled to be faithfully executed in future. ●



Jawaharlal Nehru College, Boko:

A brief Outline

Dr. Nripen Goswami

Principal

"An impulse from the vernal wood

May teach man more on moral

good and bad

Than all the sages can."

-W. Wordsworth

oko proper is just sixty three kilometers west of Guwahati on the National Highway No.-37. It is predominantly a tribal area in South Kamrup of Assam and bounded by the mighty Brahmaputra on the North, the cloud-capped hills of Meghalaya on the South, the Kulsi River on the East and a small river demarkating Kamrup from Goalpara, on the West.

Amidst the bounty of Nature and far from the din and bustle-of the polluted city life J. N. College, Boko occupies an ideal location on the National Highway 37 and is built on an area of more than one hundred bighas of high land generating genuine interest in the students to concentrate on their studies in a cool and serene

background.

The college by now has completed more than four decades of its existence starting as an Arts Stream college. In the year 1986 the Science Stream was introduced in the college and now it has been full-fledged Science Stream college with major subjects in all the science subjects. The result of the college is always satisfactory and will full cooperation of the people of the locality of the college is processing rapidly and emerged as one of the leading institutions of higher education in the N.E. region.

MISSION AND OBJECTIVES:

The motto of the college is "Sa Vidya Ya Vimuktaye" which means— "Education is that



which liberates." Promotion of unity and integrity and pursuit of academic excellence in general is the stated goal of the institution. So primary objectives of our college are—

- To produce citizens with good character, strength of mind and intellect who can stand on their feet.
- To encourage research and expansion work so that the new ideas are created and advancement is made in the field.
- To preserve the bio diversity and the rich cultural diversities of various ethnic groups.
- To discover the hidden talents of the youths and expose them accordingly to achieve excellence in their field of activities.
- To create an awareness among the youths keep themselves involved with the burning problems of the college.
- To protect and preserve the rich tribal cultural heritage of this area by showing a genuine interest towards the different tribes living in the area in harmony.

In the fast changing world, the redesigning of the objectives has been a bare necessity to face the new challenges. As such the objectives have been extended as follows:

- Learning and practicing self reliance and entrepreneurship.
- Pursuance of career/skill/job-oriented courses.
- Introduction of distance learning programmes of various indigenous and foreign universities, with emphasis on technical and management course, and opening of counseling and placement cells.
- Introduction of computer/IT and communication skill development courses.

COLLEGE LIBRARY:

The college has computerised library which

plays a key role in the academic life of the college. Students, teachers and genuinely interested readers get an easy access to make use of this library in the most efficient manner. The library has a good collection of text books, references, periodicals and journals. There is Encyclopedia Britannica for ready reference of readers.

INSTITUTIONAL BIOTECH-HUB:

The college has got an institutional Biotech-Hub established in January, 2011 with well equipped laboratory and infrastructural facility for teaching-learning and carrying out research in the field of biology/biotechnology. It has been sponsored by North-Eastern Region Biotechnology Programme Management Centre (NER-BPMC), Biotechnology Consortium India Limited (BCIL) under DBT, Govt. of India. The Biotech-Hub has successfully organized one training programme on Biological instrumentation for college teachers, one workshop for Capacity Building for science teachers from nearby Secondary Schools and an outreach programme for popularizing science among school students.

STUDY CENTRE:

The college has a study centre of K. K. Handique State Open University (KKHOU), the first state open university established by the Govt. of Assam and recognized by DEC, New Delhi which aims to provide higher education to large segments of the population those living in remote and rural areas including working people, house wives and other adults who wish to upgrade or acquire knowledge beyond-berries of age and academic background.

The university will provide different degree courses like B.A., B.Com. BBA, BCA, BMC and other professional diploma and degrees related to the needs of employment and



necessary for building economy of the country.

COMPUTER EDUCATION:

Keeping in mind the necessity of the modern education, computer classes have stated functioning in the college from the last academic session:

The following courses are avaliable for study-

- 1. Diploma in Computer Application (DCA) (Startup course for beginners)
- 2. Diploma in Desk Top Publishing (DTP)
 (Pre-Press & Word Processing Work)
- 3. Diploma in MS-Office, PageMaker
- 4. Programming Languages,

INFORMATION AND CAREER GUIDANCE CELL (ICGC):

The I.C.G.C. cell of the college informs students time to time regarding alternative choice of career according to their qualification aptitude and capality. The cell has arranged seminars, group discussions on alternative career choices, where the Director, Indian Institutes of Entrepreneurship, Director of craft and training, Assam with other officers attended as resource person. Employment oriented trainings on bamboo products Horticulture and fruit preservation etc. organized through the cell within and outside the college for students.

ROVER AND RANGER UNITS:

The Rover (boys) Ranger (girls) unit under Bharat Scout and Guide, Assam preticipated in different rallies and won prizes in different discipline. The Rover named as Kanwar Gadapani Rove Crew and Ranger as Amrit Prava Ranger Team. The volunteers render free service in conference and in time of natural calamities. Moreover the volunteers adopted some villages as adopted village and organized counseling programme and training among the

villagers on health, sanitation, plantation, preservation of environment and raising standard of living of the economically background people. It is worth mentioning that many of our trained volunteer secures job in defence sector.

NATIONAL SERVICE SCHEME (N.S.S.):

The N.S.S. (National Service Scheme) unit of the college is the oldest one and a trained programee officer from among the teachers is being appointed to look into the N.S.S. activities. N.S.S. camps are organized both inside the college campus and outside it in order to motivate and enthuse the students towards service to the community.

INTERNAL QUALITY ASSURANCE CELL (I.Q.A.C.):

The college has formally constituted an Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC) as a post accreditation quality sustenance measure as per revised guidelines of the NAAC. The objective of this cell is to maintain quality of the Higher Education on the college. Though this cell constant vigil is maintained on the activities, performances of the students right from the date of his/her admission to the college till the completion of the studies.

STUDENTS' WELFARE SCHEMES FOR TDC STUDENTS:

- Accommodation and conveyance for students coming from Rural/Remote/Border/Hill/Tribal Areas will be provided as per UGC guideline.
- Stipends to ST/SC/OBC (Non creamylayer), Minorities economically deprived and physically challenged students will be provided under UGC scheme.
- 3. Free coaching classes for competitive examinations for ST/SC/OBC/Minorities for entry into different services.



- Remedial coaching for ST/SC/OBC and Minority Students.
- 5. Career and counselling cell for providing valuable counselling to students by Resource persons from different fields.

SCHOLARSHIP TO SC/ST/OBC:

There is provision for the students belonging to Schedule Caste and Schedule Tribes and Other Backward Classes to enjoy scholarship as per the norms fixed by the Govt. from time to time. Merit scholarship may be admissible to the students as per the rules framed by the department of Education, Govt. of Assam. Students seeking the benefit of scholarship must submit caste certificates and other needful documents on their support.

Internet connectivity is installed to provide day to day information.

The motto of the college is "Sa Vidya Ya Vimuktaye" which means— "Education is that which liberates."

ADMISSION IN THE SESSION- 2011-12:

Class	Boys	Girls	Total
H.S. 1st yr. (Arts)	296	292	588
H.S. 1st yr. (Sc.)	34	07	41
H.S. 2nd yr. (Arts)	220	300	520
H.S. 2nd yr. (Sc.)	18	05	23
T.D.C 1st yr. (Arts)	180	214	394
T.D.C 1st yr. (Sc.)	31	08	39
T.D.C 2nd yr. (Arts)	87	110	• 197
T.D.C 2nd yr. (Sc.)	· 14	02	16
T.D.C 3rd yr. (Arts)	56	85	141
T.D.C 3rd yr. (Sc.)	03	02	05
	939	1025	1964

Result of H.S. & T.D.C. Part-III Exam., 2012:

Class	Appeared	Passed	%	1st Div.
H.S. 2nd yr. (Arts)	734	385	52.4%	18
H.S. 2nd yr. (Sc.)	37	37	100%	12
T.D.C. Part-III (Arts)	159	122	76.7%	02
T.D.C. Part-III (Sc.)	14	13	92.8%	



Good thoughts and actions can never produce bad results: bad thoughts and actions can never prosuce good results.

-James Allen

रायथाइ

बर'फोरनि समाजारि नेमखान्धि आरो आयेन

Bhairabi Boro

Assistant Prof., Deptt. of Bodo

आइनआ सुबुं समाजिन बिगोमा। आइनआ समाजखौ आब्रिथिन गेजेरजों रैखा खालामबोदों। बर'फोरनि आयेन खान्थिया खुगा खुगा सोलिबोदोंमोन नाथाय जिगुजौ जौथायनि ब्रैजिसोनि गेजेरनिफ्राय खायसे-खायसे ओनसोलाव जुथुमा खुंनानै जुथुमानि गनायथि लानानै खायसेखौ साफायनानै दिहुनो आरो खायसेखौ आखाइजों लिरनानै दिहुनो। गुबुन गुबुन ओनसोलनि आयेनफोराव नेमखान्थिन गेजेराव माखासे फाराग नुनो मोनोब्लाबो दायफोदोनि बिजिरनाय आयेना एखे। बर'फोरा मोनबा आसार-खान्थिजों उद्रायो। दिनैबो गामियाव दाउखा दन्दा गाबोब्ला माबाफोर दाय-जेंना एबा खैफोद आफोद जानाय एबा जागोनखौ फोरमायो होननानै साननाय जायो। बर'फोरा समाज बेरेखा गाज्रि हाबा मावनाय बिजिरनाय खान्थिखौ बाद होननानै बुडो । सोरबा मानसिआ दाय एबा गाज़ि हाबा मावोब्ला बिर बादुवा जानाय होननानै बुझे। बादुवा जानाय मानसिआ उद्रायागौमानि मानसिफोरा बिखौ गाज्रि मेगनजों नायो। बादुवा गोनां मानिस थायोब्ला गामिनि बयबो बादुवा एबा सुवा-सुधि नांनाय होननानै हमनानै लानाय जायो।

गिबि सुबुं मोनिसंसिं बोराया दाय फोदोखौ बिजिरनो सोरिजना गालांनाय नेमखान्थिफोरा जादों-

- (क) अगरबाद, (ख) फंस्लदबाद, (ग) दावखिबाद,
- (घ) खावालिबाद आरो, (ङ) खौलोबोबाद दाय नायनानै बिजिरनाय एबा उद्रायनायनि खान्थि:

अगरबाट :

बे बादआव गोग्लैनाय मानसिखौ बोरलाजों उद्रायनाय जायो।

- सोरबा : मानसिआ गाविन बिमा-बिफा, बिबौ-बिबैखौ बुयोब्ला औवा बुरोब्ला अगरबाद नेमजों उद्रायनांगौ।
- थोंजों सोमोन्दोगोनां बिमा-बिफा बंशनि हिनजाव हौवानि गोजेराव माबाफोर समाजखान्थि बेरेखा गाजि जाथाइ जायोब्ला अगरबादिन नेमजों उद्राय नांगौ।
- 3. सोरबा मोसौ दानोब्ला एबा बुथारोब्ला अगरबाद नेमजों

उद्राय नांगौ।

 खृष्टान आरो मुसलमान दोहोरोमिन मानिसजों सोरबा समाज– खान्थिनि बेरेखा एबा गाज्रि जाथाइ जायोब्ला बिखौ अगरबादजों उद्रायनानै समाजाव बजबना लानाय जायो।

फंस्लदबाद :

बे बादआव गोग्लैनाय मानसिखौ गं स्नि बोरलाजों उद्रायनाय जायो।

- सोरबा मोसौनि आथिं एबा लानजाइ दानस'नानै थै ओंखारहोयोब्ला।
- जानो नाङ बेदर जेरै-मोसौ, सियाल, सैमा, मोसा, माविज बाइदि बेदर जायोब्ला।
- गिलयाव खानाय समाव एबा गोदोनायाव दिरूं थानाय समाव मोसौवा थैयोब्ला।
- 4. बिमा-बिफा बंशनि मानिसिनि अनगायै गुबुन मानिसिनि गेजेराव समाज-खान्थि बेरेखा गाजि जाथाइ जायोब्ला फंस्लदबादनि नेमजों उद्रायनांगौ जायो।

टावरिवबाद :

बे बादनिफ्राय मोनबा बोरलाजों उद्रायनाय जायो।

- बर' हारिनि मानिसफोरा सिगुन एबा मोसा जाखोन्दा गोथैनि बेदरखौ लाबोनानै जायोब्ला दाविखबादिन नेमजों उद्राय नांगौ।
- 2. अमा, बोरमाफोरखौ मोसौजों सोलायनानै बेदर जायोब्ला दाविखबादिन नेमजों उद्राय गारनांगौ।
- सोरिनबा खरंनि खानायखौ हनानै बेनि थाखाय फैसा लायोब्ला बे मानिसआ दाविखबादिन नेमजों उद्राय नांगौ।
- 4. सोरबा बर'आ हानि दो आइजें, ना आरो बिगुरनि फालांगि खालामोब्ला दावखिबादनि नेमजों उद्राय नांगौ।

खावालिबाद :

बे बादिन थाखाय मोनथाम बोरलाजों उद्राय नांगी।



- सोरबाफोर मानसि गोथैजों गोथैबारियाव हरफानाय रां रूफा एबा मुवा-बेसादफोरखौ लाबोनानै बाहाय फैयोब्ला बियो खावालिबादिन नेमजों उद्राय जानांगौ।
- सोरबा बर'आ मोसौ बायनानै बोसोरसेनि गेजेराव मुलाम्फा लानानै फानहरिफनोब्ला बि मानसिआ बे खान्थिजों उद्राय गारनांगौ।

रवौलोबोदबाद :

बे बादनिफ्राय उद्रायनो थाखाय बोरलानि नेम गैया। बर'नि सोरबाफोर गुबुन मानसिखौ नंखायखौनो रायखोमायोब्ला आरो नंखाय बाथ्रा बुंनानै सोरखौबा खैफोदाव खोख्लैयोब्ला नंखाय बाथ्रा बुंग्रा मानसिखौ खौलोबोदबादिन नेमजों गेदेर दाय फोनांनाय जायो।

अगरबादिन उद्रायनाय खान्थि: बबेबा दोंसे दैमा एवा बिलो सेराव देरा न'गंसे लुनाय जायो। बे न'नि उखुम आरो इनजुरखौ थालिर बिलाइजों खोबनानै दैमा एबा बिलोधिं दरखं मोनसे दोननाय जायो। समाजनि गाज्रि जाथाइ मावग्रा दायनिगिरि सानैखौ बे देरानि सिडाव सोनानै दरजाखौ बाहेरनिफ्राय फांथेनाय जायो। बेनि उनाव न'खौ अर लागायनानै होनाय जायो। दायनिगिरि सानैया इनजुरखौ जोफ्लंनानै दैआव बाजुमहैयो। दैयाव थानाय समावनो बिसोरनो गाननो थाखाय जि खुबैनानै हरनाय जायो। बिसोर दैयावनो गाननानै जि गिसियैनो बोरियाव गाखो फैनांगी।

बे समिन गेजेरावनो गामिनि बोराइ गाहेलाफोरा देरा न'-सेराव दखरसे जायगा फोसाबनानै, हुगार्म्रां न'सेराव दखरसे सानजा मोखांथिं थालिर लाइजौ बनानै दोनखायो। थालिर बिलाइयाव सिन्द्रिन फोथा, माइरं गरनैसो, थुलुंसि बिलाइ, गयजरा फाथै जरा आरो आलारि बाधि सावनानै दोनो थालिर लाइजौ बनायनि आगसिथिं महादेबनि लोगो मोदाइफोरनि थाखाय बाउग्रामासि खालामना दोननाय जायो। साफ्रोमबो मोदाइनि थाखाय गय जरा फाथै जरा होनाय जायो। बाधौ बोराइ महादेबनो दाउखा मासे हाथारनानै होनाय जायो आरो बेनि बेदरखौ संनानै मोदाइफोरनो बाउनाय जायो।

मोदाइफोरखौ बाउनायाव मोन्थोर रायनायनि सिगांनो दायनिगिरि मानसिखौ सिगाझवनो लगायनानै दोनखानाय मानसि आमाखि, गोबोरिखनि एफा एफा लोंहोनाय जायो। बियो गाननाय जि गिसियैनो बाउनाय खाथियाव हान्थु खरायनानै थानांगौ।

मोदाइनो बाउनो लानाय दाउसानिफ्राइ दरगु बेदर दिहुनना

लानाय जायो। बे बेदरफोरखौ थिरजों थुनानै बोरलाजों गु खेब अख्रांथिं गावहरनाय जायो। बेखौनो गु-बोरलानि उद्रायनाय होननानै बुंनाय जायो। बेफोर गासै हाबाखौ फोजोबनायनि उनाव दुब्रि हाग्रा दों गु, थुलुंसि सना रूफानि आसथाम बेफोर गासैखौबी खुन्दुं आवाजों गु मेराय फाननानै ल'थासे दैयाव दोननाय जायो। नार्जारी हारिनि सासे मानसिआ फोथा थुग्रा आसिजों ल'थानि दैयाव सोमहरो आरो बे दैखौ दायनिगिरिनो गरदसे लोंनो होयो। बेनि उना्व दै सान्ति सारनानै उद्रायनाय एबा फोथारनाय जायो। लोगोसे बे दैजोंनो गमिनि नखरफ्रोमाव सारम्रिनानै गामिनि बयखौबी फोथारनाय जायो।

अगरबादिन दायनिगिरिखौ जायगा लानानै नैजिबानिफ्राय जौसे रांसिम जरिमाना फोनांनाय जायो। हिनजाव दायनि^{गिरिया} जरिमाना रांनि खावसेल' होनांगौ। दायनिगिरिखौ न' सिडाव सोनानै सावनायनि अनगायै फंस्लदबाद आरो दावखिबादनि उद्रायनाय नेमआ अगरबादिन नेमजों गोरोबनाय एबा मोनसेआनो। बोरलाजीं उद्रायनाया फंस्लदबादआव स्नि बोरला दाविखबादआव बा बोर^{ली} आरो खावालिबादआव थाम बोरलाजों उद्रायनाय जायो। जाय^{गा} लानानै मोनफ्रोमबो बादआवनो एसे एवा गोबां रां फोनांनाय जाया।

फंस्लदबादिन गलियाव खाना दोननाय समाव एबा मोदो^{माव} दिरूं थानाय समाव मोसौआ थैयोब्ला बे दायिन साजा होनाय खान्थिया मोसौ थैनाय साननिफ्राय मोसौ खानाय फागाखौ गोदोना^{याव} आलायना लानानै सानस्नि बिबायनांगौ। बेनि उनाव उद्राय^{नानै} राइजोफोरनो खाजा जाहोनांगौ।

बर'-कसारिफोरनि समाजखान्थि बेरेखानि साजाया जोबीद गोब्राब नेमजों बेंजानाय। जुनारारि अगेन आखलिन थाखाय देरि^{र्सन} लाजि फोनांनाय, समाजिन नेमखान्थि सिफायनानै सुबुंस्रियाव दु^{खु} फोनांनाय दायनि थाखाय अरजों आनजाद नायनाय, मुगैजानाय गार्षि आखुनि थाखाय गावखौनो हिन सानहोनाय बे राहाफोरनिफ्राय जी मिथिनो मोनो। बादाव गोग्लैयै इनाय खामानिनि साजा होनाय खाँ^{खि} समाजाव खायसे मिथिनाय आरो मिथियिनि गेजेराव अगेन खा^{मानि} जायो। बेफोर अगेन खामानिफोरखौ हेंथा होनो थाखाय एबा बे^{फीर} अगेन खामानिनि थाखाय उद्रायनायनि खान्थिफोर दं। आबसा हो^{नाय,} गियाथि एरखनाय, होखारनाय, देहायारि साजा, मानसिक साजी होनाय बाइदि। बेफोर उद्रायनायनि गोखों नेमखान्थिफोरानो बर्र समाजआव मानसिखौ गाहाम रैखाथि होवोदों ? 🔳 🗖

हेफाजाब लानाय बिजाबफोर :

- 1. बर' कसारिर समाज आरू संस्कृति : नार्जि भवेन।
- 2. लाइसिनि विस्रायाव इन्द्र्मालित : नारजारी इन्द्रमालिती, नारजारी बिरलां।
- 3. A Study of Socio-Religious Beliefs Practices and Ceremonies of the Bodos: Brahma K. 4. वरज कसारिनि समाज आरो हारिमु: नार्जि भवेन।



बर'फोरिन खुगा थुनलाइ

Amarjyoti Swargiary
T.D.C 3rd Year

1.0 जागायजेननाय:

खुगा थुनलाइ होनब्ला गासै सुबुं माहारिनि गेजेराव गोदो गोदायनिफ्राय सोलिबोबाय थानाय थामिहनबा खुगाजों खुगा मोनसे आथालनिफ्राय गुबुन मोनसे आथालिसम बारस्लायबोनाय मेथाय, सलबाथा, बाथ्रा भाव, बाथ्रा खोन्दोब बायदिफोरखौनो बुजियो। सुबुंफोरिन गेजेराव खुगाजों खुगा सोलिबोनाय बेफोर मेथाइ, सल'बाथा बाथ्रा भावफोरा मिथिंगानि गेजेराव सुबुंनि जिउ खुंनायजों लोब्बा गोनां, सुबुंनि गेजेराव सोलिबोनाय बेफोरखौनो बर'आव खुगा थुनलाइ एबा सुबुं थुनलाइ बुंनाय जायो।

बुहुमिन मोनफ्रोमबो राविननो लिरनाय थुनलाइनि महर मोननायिन सिगां सिगां खुगा थुनलाया खुगाजों खुगा सोलिबोयो। खुगा थुनलाइ थायाब्ला लिरनाय थुनलाइनि महर बुहुमिन मोनफ्रोमबो राविन थुनलाइनि जोनोम खुगा मेथायिनफ्राइनो सोमिजदों। फुंखां एबा गुदि। जैरै- बिफां फांसेआ हरसेनि गेजेराव रज'नानै गेरेमसा जानानै फिठाइ थाइनो हाया बिद्धिनो मबेबा राविन थुनलाइआबो हरखाब जाखाडा। बेनिखायनो खुगा थुनलाइआनो मोनफ्रोमबो हारिनि राविन थुनलाइनि बिथा। सुबुंनि जारिमिन लिरनोब्ला बे खुगा थुनलाइआ जोबोर गोनां नाथाय राजखान्थिनि जारिमिन लिरनायावबो मदद होवा। बे बायदिनो थुनलाइनि जारीमिनावबो खुगा मेथाइ सल'बाथाफोरा बारा हेफाजाब होवा नाथाय थुनलाइनि बेसेनखौ बहरा खालामो। बाडायब्लाबो मोनफ्रोमबो हारिहा बे थाखोनि थुनलाइ दङ। बर'फोरनिबो बे थाखोनि थुनलाइ नुनो मोनो। गुबुन राविन बादि बर'नि खुगा थुनलाइखौबो माखासे बाहागोआव राननो हायो।

2.0 विजिरनाय :

बर 'नि खुगा थुनलाइखौ गाहायाव होनाय बादि बाहागो खालामनो हायो। खुगा मेथाइ, सल 'बाथा, बाथ्राभाव, बाथ्राखोन्दोब, बाथ्राफान्दाय, मोन्थोर बायदि।

गाहायाव बेफोरिननो मोननैसोनि बागै सुंदयै फोरमायनाय जाबाय-2.1 खुगा मेथाइ एवा सुबुं मेथाइ:

जायफोर मेथाया गोदो गोदायनिफ्रायनो मानसिनि खुगा खुगा सोलिबोदों बेनो जादों खुगा मेथाइ। बुहुमिन मोनफ्रोमबो राविन थुनलाइनि जोनोम खुगा मेथायनिफ्राइनो जादों। जोनोम मोन्नानै मानसिफ्रा बिमानि रावै रायलायनो रोंनाय लोगो लोगो गाविन सोरिगिदिं थानाय मुलुगिन बाथाखौ साननो सोलोडो। बे सानिसिन गेजेरजोंनो बिनि गोसोनिफ्राइ गाविन मोनदांथिफोरखौ गुबुन गुबुन सुबुंफोरनो फोरमायनो एबा गावखौ मोनिथहोनो हाबिला जायो। बे हाबिलानि गेजेरजोंनो जोनोम मोनो थुनलाइनि महर। गोरबोनिफ्राइ ओयखारनाय बे थुनलाइनि गांफ्रा खबाम गोनां जाब्ला बेनो मेथाय एबा खन्थाइ। बे खन्थाया जानो हागौ ईशोरखौ लानानै खन्नाय, सोरखौबा बोसोन होनानै खन्नाय, गाविन अनजालीखौ लानानै खन्नाय एबा सोमखोर मिथिंगाखौ लानानै खन्नाय। बेफोरखौ गुबुनि सिगाडाव खननानै फोरमायोब्ला बेनि मुडानो जादों खुगा मेथाइ एबा सुबुं मेथाय।

खुगा मेथायनि रोखोमिथखौ नायनानै महिनि म हन ब्रह्मआ खुगा मेथायखौ मोन डाइन बाहागोआव रानदों। बेफोर जादों-

- (क) हादर सिबिनाय आरो जोहोलाव सिबिनाय मेथाय।
- (ख) हालुवा जीउनि मेथाय।
- (ग) गथ' बुरखायनाय मेथाय।
- (घ) गोसो थोनाय मेथाय।
- (ङ) हाबा मेथाय।
- (च) फेस्ला मेथाय।
- (छ) बैसागु मेथाय।
- (ज) सिबिनाय आर'ज मेथाय।

मुश्री भबेन नार्जीआ बिथांनि 'बर'कसारीर जन साहित्य'



बिजाबाव खुगा मेथायखौ मोनबा बाहागोआव बोखावदों बेफोर जादों-

- (क) बैसागु रंजानाय मेथाय।
- (ख) गथ'बुरखायनाय मेथाय।
- (ग) गथ फोरनि गेलेनाय मेथाय।
- (घ) हाबा मेथाय।
- (ङ) गलाय गथाय मेथाय।

जेरै-

बैसागु रंजानाय मेथाय

(क) रंजादो दे लोगोफोर आइ आफाफोर गोदान बोसोरिन बैसागुआव एब अं एम्बुआ गाबबोलाइगौ सुनि खाफालनि हालुवा देहाहा दैज्लां बोथोरा सौफैलाइगौ रंजास्रादो जोंनिया हालुवा जाम्बानिया गोदान बोसोरिन बैसागुआव गोदान बोसोरिन बैसागुआव दावज्ला गिसिरब्लानो मोसौ हालुवाखौ फोजानाङो अखा नाइबोलानो नांगोल जुंगाल जों खमलाइनाओ हालमावै मावै खदाल जावै जावै देसिनि रादायखौ लाखिलांगोन जॉलाइ। मोसौ बैसागुवाव मोसौ थुख़ैनायाव खननाय मेथाय

(ख) दिगलित मोशौनि मुलि दुदालि जागोन गाइ खुखिलि दिगलित लामिक खि खि गान्थि जॉनि मोशौवा जागोन बलद जाथि जानाइ नक्ष गाइदे थेफ्रा सक्ती जल्मीन स्वलीन बेस्स।

बायदि बायदि।

2.2 खुगा सल' एबा सल'बाथा:

सल 'बाथाया सुबुं थुनलाइनि बाहागोफोरनि रायथाय बाहागोआव गोलैयो। सल 'बाथाया गोलाव एबा गुसुंबो जानो हागौ।

सरासनम्रायै सल'बाथा बुंङोब्ला गथ'एबा उन्दै उन्दै

खुदियाफोरिन गोसोआव मिनिनो लुबैनाय रंजानाय सोमोनांनाय बाइदि सानदांथि सोमजिहोनाय थार नङ (मोगथांनङ) बाथ्राफोरिन गाबगोनां सानबोलाविरिन बाथ्राफोरखौनो बुजियो। सलंबाथायाव मानिस, दाउसिन दाउला, मि जुनाद गासिबो राव रायज्लायो, सलंबुंनो हायो, सुखु-दुखुनि बाथ्रा साननो हायो। जाथावै जेबो गैया। सुबुं आरो गथ' गथाइफोरनो बोसोन सोलोंथाय होनायानो सलंबाथानि गाहाइ थांखि। बर फोरिन गेजेराव गोदो गोदायनिफ्राय सोलिबोनाय सल' जेरै- थारून गायनाइ सल माउरियास्रोनि सल' चन्द्रमाली खोथिया बुदांनि सल', सान्दो बाविदयानि सल', नार्जा बोराइ आरो नार्जा बुरैनि सल' बायदि दाउसिन- दाउला जिब जुनादिन सोमोन्दै लिरनाय सल'फा सल'बाथा।

रेभारेण्ड चिदिन एण्डेल बिथाझ बर फोरिन गेजेरिव सोलिनानै थाबोनाय माखासे सल बाथा आरो मेथायखौ बुथुमजेनो। बिथां बुथुमजेन्नाय सल बाथाफा जादों- (क) दैमानि खौरां, (ख) सासे अलिसया गृथ'नि खौरां, (ग) बामोन आरो बिनि साकरिन खौरां, (घ) रावना-राविन नि खौरां।

बिथांनि अनगायैबों, J. D. Anderson आबो माखासे बुथुमदेरो बेफोर जादों- (क्र.) आब्रानि खौरां, (ख) मोख्रा आरो सेसानि खौरां, (ग) सासे पनुलींगी गथ नि खौरां, बेफोर सल बायाखी ज खालामनानै आरो मोनिज़ बुथुमदेरनानै 1895 मायथाइआव A Collection of Kochari Folk Tales and Rhyme मुंनि बिजाब दिहुनो।

बिथांमोनिन अनगायैबो गोंबां लिरगिरिफा गीदोनि सलंबाया, मेथायफोरखौ बुथुमनानै फोसावड्डों बेफोरिन गेजेराव भवेन नार्जी, मंहिनी म'हन ब्रह्म, प्रमद ब्रह्में आरो सुकुमार ब्रह्मखौ मुंखें जायो।

2.3 बाधा भाव